



IFPMA

# WHAT'S NEEDED FOR A STRONG REGULATORY SYSTEM IN AFRICA

## INNOVATION

- Transparent regulatory pathways
- Expedited review for innovative medicines
- Agency collaboration and work-sharing

## PHARMACOVIGILANCE

- Reporting system in place
- Clear responsibilities for all stakeholders
- Efficient and effective processes



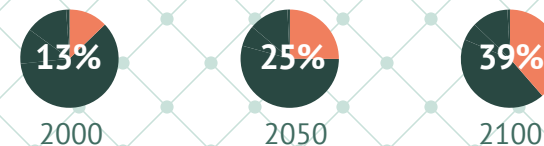
## GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICES

- Risk based approach to assessment
- Alignment of GMP requirements
- Harmonization of inspections and supporting mechanisms

## QUALITY STANDARDS

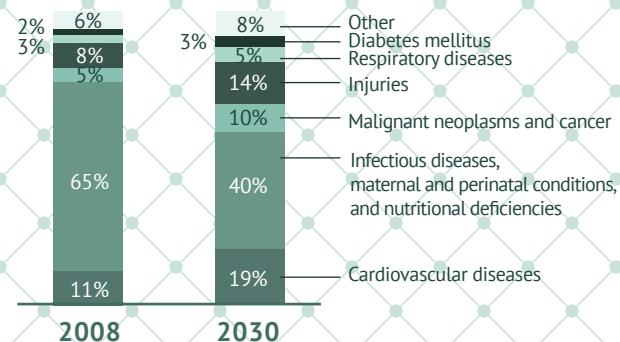
- Ensure patients receive good quality medicines
- Quality systems for manufacturers
- Global standards for quality aspects

## AFRICAN POPULATION DISTRIBUTION COMPARED TO THE REST OF THE WORLD



## DISEASE BURDEN IS CHANGING IN AFRICA

FORECASTED DEVELOPMENT OF DISEASE PATTERNS IN AFRICA, LONG TERM.

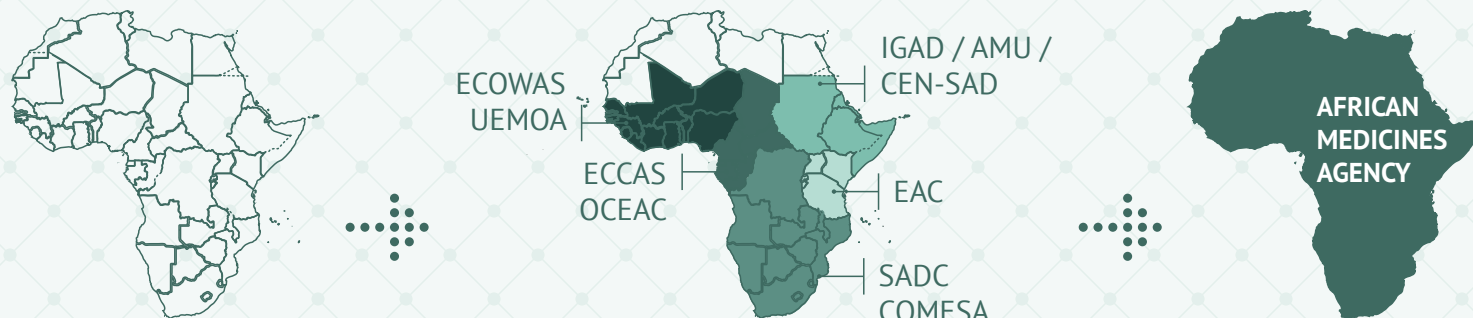


Source: WHO, Strategy and Analysis. Note that percentages may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

**5 YEARS LONGER** for medicines to be available for patients in Africa in some cases.

## MOVING TOWARDS REGULATORY HARMONIZATION

Source: AMRH 2015



**54** COUNTRIES REGULATORY AGENCIES

**5** REGIONAL REGULATORY AGENCIES

**1** REGULATORY AGENCY

## TO GET THERE, IFPMA CAN HELP

- Provide platforms for exchange of ideas and information
- Offer technical expertise to support local capacity building
- Contribute science-based insights to develop innovative regulatory pathways
- Work together so medicines can reach patients in Africa